§ 366.8

- (4) Make any promise or commitment on behalf of the FDIC not authorized by the FDIC.
- (b) Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 201, whoever acts for or on behalf of the FDIC is deemed to be a public official and public officials are prohibited from soliciting or accepting anything of value in return for being influenced in the performance of official actions. Violators are subject to criminal sanctions under Title 18 of the United States Code.
- (c) Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1001, whoever knowingly and willingly falsifies a material fact, makes a false statement, or utilizes a false writing in connection with an FDIC contract is subject to criminal sanctions under Title 18 of the United States Code.
- (d) A contractor that violates the provisions of this section may be determined by the FDIC to be ineligible for the award of an FDIC contract and the FDIC may determine that such contractor is in default under any existing FDIC contract.

§ 366.8 Confidentiality of information.

- (a) A contractor has a duty to protect confidential information and shall not use or allow the use of confidential information to further a private interest other than as contemplated by the contract.
- (b) If a contractor fails to comply with the provisions of this section, the FDIC may:
- (1) Declare the contractor ineligible for the award of any FDIC contract not yet awarded; or
- (2) Declare the contractor in default under any existing contract with the FDIC.
- (c) As used in this section, "confidential information" means information that a contractor obtains from the FDIC or a third party in connection with an FDIC contract but does not include information generally available to the public unless the information becomes available to the public as a result of unauthorized disclosure by the contractor.

§ 366.9 Liability for rescission or termination.

The FDIC may seek its actual, direct, and consequential damages from a contractor whose disqualifying conditions,

conflicts of interest, failure to comply with information submission or confidentiality requirements, or failure to comply with the minimum ethical standards for independent contractors were the basis for rescission or termination of a contract between the FDIC and the contractor. This right to terminate or rescind and these remedies are cumulative and in addition to any other remedies or rights the FDIC may have under the terms of the contract, at law, or otherwise.

§ 366.10 Finality of determination.

Any determination made by the FDIC pursuant to this part is at the FDIC's sole discretion and shall not be subject to further review.

PART 367—SUSPENSION AND EX-CLUSION OF CONTRACTOR AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

Sec.

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AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1822(f) (4) and (5).

Source: $61 \ FR \ 68560$, Dec. 30, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§367.1 Authority, purpose, scope and application.

(a) Authority. This part is adopted pursuant to section 12(f) (4) and (5) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1822(f) (4) and (5), and the rule-making authority of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)